



Cave Wolf #1

Canis lupus

SPECIES	Pleistocene wolf	AGE	30 000–50 000 years
PLACE OF DISCOVERY	Perm region, Ural mountains	PRICE	On request

ABOUT THE SPECIES

The same species as today's wolf, on a heavier frame.

Late Pleistocene wolves from the Urals were more robust than modern grey wolves, with broader skulls and larger teeth — a build for hunting horse and bison on open steppe. Bones are found in the same caves as the bears, brought in as prey or as denning animals.



The plaque, all photographs and the request form
iceagemuseum.com/exhibit/cave-wolf-1

Cave Wolf #1 · photographs

Every frame whole, in its own proportion. The full set at print resolution, with the condition report, comes with the request.



What travels with the specimen.

Legally excavated

Every specimen was recovered under permit in the Perm region and the Tyumen region of Russia and left the country with an export licence. Copies travel with the specimen.

Condition report

Each bone is listed: original, restored or replica. Replicas are used only where a part never fossilises — rhinoceros horns, for example — and are always declared.

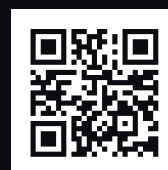
Delivery and installation

Mounts are taken down, crated and shipped worldwide. Our preparators can reassemble the skeleton on site.

Saint Petersburg Paleontological Laboratory

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The collection, current
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